# Harmful Plankton Detector





### Harmful Algal Indication sensor





# HAI sensor - Harmful Plankton Detector

Model: AHI-CAD

### Description

Cable length

he HAI sensor (Harmful Algal Indication sensor) is designed to identify two phytoplankton species that are well-known to cause harmful blooms: Karenia mikimotoi and Chattonella antigua. The instrument takes advantage of the Fluorescence spectral Shift Index (FSI)\* of these two species that is relatively high when compared to other species.

\*Eluorescence spectral Shift Index (FSI) is the ration of fluorescence intensity at 690 nm to that at 670 nm in wavelength.

#### Sensor Specifications

Sensor	Chlorophyll	Temperature	FSI	Pressure
Measurement range	0 to 400 ppb	-3 to 45 °C	-	0 to 50 dbar
Accuracy	± 1% FS (0 to 200 ppb) <sup>(1)</sup>	±0.02 °C (3 to 31 °C)	±0.05 (0 to 200 ppb) <sup>(2)</sup>	±0.3% FS (Repeatability) ±0.1% FS (Non-linearity)

<sup>(1)</sup> Non-linear, calibration using Fluorescein Sodium Salt (Uranine)

<sup>(2)</sup> Repeatability using Fluorescein Sodium Salt (Uranine)

Hand-held unit

#### Instrument Specifications Commu

Communication	RS-485 (through Hand-held unit)	
Weight	0.8 kg (in air and excluding cable)	
Depth rating	50 m depth equivalent	
Dimensions	Φ70 mm × 176 mm (excluding cable)	
Power consumption	less than 120 mA (using DC12 V)	
Materials	Titanium (grade 2)	

30 m (maximum of 50 m)

Screen	4 × 20-line LCD	
Display	Chlorophyll, depth, temperature, FSI, time and	
information	battery voltage	
Sampling rate	Continuous (at 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10 s)	
Dimensions	85 × 115 × 255 mm	
Memory	512 MB CF card	
Power source	8 AA alkaline batteries, 100 to 240 V AC, 12 V DC	



The left panel shows relative fluorescence intensity for various phytoplankton species. The mid panel shows an example of species composition estimated by water sampling and microscope analysis: a bloom of Karenia mikimotoi in the mid water column (green circle), where the dark green dashed line denotes 50 cells/ml threshold. The right panel shows the FSI estimated using HAI sensor for the same period. The light green dashed line enotes the FSI threshold of approximately 1.9 and the purple dashed circle denotes the FSI estimated when concentration of Karenia mikimotoi surpasses 50 cells/ml indicating a possible harmful algal bloom is on its way.

\*\*Depending on conditions such as density of other dominant species, the fluorescence spectral characteristics may not be detected well due to the influence of other species.

